# MDX Matrix RS232 Control Protocol

### **Document Conventions & Definitions**

All commands are shown in ASCII and are not case sensitive

Angle brackets (and anything within them) <> represent 1 byte of data.

### Port Configuration

These are the settings that are required for successful communication with a MDX matrix.

Serial port control:

Baud Rate:9600Data Bits:8Parity:NoneStop Bits:1

Ethernet port:

TCP, IP: 192.168.1.190 Port: 6666

### **Command Structure**

The general structure of commands to be sent to the matrix is detailed below:

<data><command><data><.>

The general format is:

- 1) Data
- 2) Command
- 3) Data
- 4).

Please note this structure does vary dependent on the type of command being executed. Each command type is provided with an example instruction throughout this document.

Commands are applicable for all variants of matrix and cards within the MDX range

## Establishing communication

Once a D9 serial cable has been attached from the MDX unit to a control device (i.e. PC, laptop or 3<sup>rd</sup> party control system) and mains power applied the link is active. Simply enable the port from the control device and the MDX will accept incoming commands.

#### **D9 Port – Pin Functions**

$ \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ Female \end{array} $				
PIN	Function	PIN	FUNTION	
1	Not Used	6	Not Used	
2	RS232 send data	7	Not Used	
3	RS232 receive data	8	Not Used	
4	Not Used	9	Not Used	
5	Ground Earth	10	Not Used	

### Commands

Control of the MDX matrix range can be broken down in to the following 8 categories:

- General System Command
- Audio Format Selection
- IR/Serial selection and routing
- EDID Management
- Cross-point Control
- Adjustment of Single Output Resolutions
- Adjustment of All Output Resolutions
- VGA Card Control
- IP Port Configuration

The tables below step through each of these command types in turn providing command examples

## **1. General System Commands** – set fan activation temperatures and acquire input and output board statuses

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Query Software Version	/^Version;	<ver1.0></ver1.0>	Check current version of control software
Return off	/:MessageOff;	<closed the<br="">Message Return&gt;</closed>	Disable RS232 return/response path
Return On	/:MessageOn;	<enabled the<br="">Message Return&gt;</enabled>	Enable RS232 return/response path
Control Card Reset	\$Default!	None	Resets settings of control card and restarts unit
Reset input [x] to default	\$1DefaultIn!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Reset input channel [x] to default settings. Example for input 1
Reset output [y] to default	\$4DefaultOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Reset output channel [y] to default settings. Example for output 4
Reset all inputs to default	\$AllDefaultIn!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Reset all inputs to default settings
Reset all outputs to default	\$AllDefaultOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Reset all outputs to default settings
Save State to memory location to [z]	Save5.	<save f1!="" to=""></save>	Save current crosspoint configuration to memory location [z]. Example for memory location 5
Recall Sate from memory location [z]	Recall7.	<recall from<br="">F1!&gt;</recall>	Recall crosspoint configuration from memory location [z]. Example for memory location 7
Clear State from memory location [z]	Clear3.	<clear f1!=""></clear>	Clear data from memory location [z]. Example for memory location 3
Set Fan Temp	FanTemp25.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set temperature at which fans will activate in degrees Celsius. Example for 25 degrees celsius

Please note that the following commands are the same for Audio format AND IR/Serial blade selection depending on whether the blade is HDMI or HDBaseT

2. Audio Format Selection – Select between embedded or external audio sources (only applicable on DVI and HDMI blades)

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Select embedded	\$2AudioD!	<set< td=""><td>Select embedded audio option for</td></set<>	Select embedded audio option for
audio for input [x]		Succeed!>	input [x]. Example for input 2
Select external	\$4AudioA!	<set< td=""><td>Select external analogue audio for</td></set<>	Select external analogue audio for
audio for input [x]		Succeed!>	input [x]. Example for input 4
Select embedded	\$1AudioDOut!	<set< td=""><td>Select embedded audio option for</td></set<>	Select embedded audio option for
audio for output		Succeed!>	output [y]. Example for output 1
[y]			
Select external	\$9AudioAOut!	<set< td=""><td>Select external analogue audio for</td></set<>	Select external analogue audio for
audio for output		Succeed!>	output [y]. Example for output 9
[y]			

**3.** *IR and Serial Blade selection* – Select between local or remote Infrared and RS232 signals (only applicable on HDBaseT blades). Please note that to route the control signals requires 2 commands – one for the input selection and the other for the output channel

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Select local IR and RS232	\$2AudioA!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Select local (Green Phoenix connector) IR and RS232 for input
input number			[x]. Example for input 2
Select remote	\$4AudioD!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Select remote (HDBT transmitter) IR
IR and RS232			and RS232 for input [x]. Example for
input number			input 4
Select local IR	\$1AudioAOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Select local (Green connector) IR
and RS232			and RS232 for output [x]. Example
output number			for input 1
Select remote	\$9AudioDOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Select remote (HDBT receiver) IR
IR and RS232			and RS232 for output [x]. Example
output number			for input 9

4. IR and Serial Routing – Routes the IR or RS232 internal transmission path between the HDBaseT blades

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Enable RS232	1R2.	RS:1->2;	Enables RS232 path (either local or
routing and			remote) from input to output.
direction			Example for input 1 to output 2
Enable RS232	1S2.	TS:1->2;	Enables RS232 path (either local or
routing and			remote) from output to input.
direction			Example for output 1 to intput 2
Enable IR	2Q1.	TR:2->1;	Enables IR path (either local or
routing and			remote) from input to output.
direction			Example for input 2 to output 1
Enable IR	5F8.	T:5->8;	Enables IR path (either local or
routing and			remote) from output to input.
direction			Example for output 5 to input 8

5. EDID Management – read EDID from outputs and/or to inputs. EDID read from source or displays will appear in centre of reply <EDID Start/..../EDID End>

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Acquire EDID from input [x]	GetInEDID3.	<edid Start//EDID End&gt;</edid 	Acquire EDID of source feeding input [x]. Example for input 3
Acquire EDID from output [y]	GetOutEDID6.	<edid Start//EDID End&gt;</edid 	Acquire EDID of screen/projector fed from output [y]. Example for output 6
Read EDID from output [y] and assign to input [x]	2EDIDTo3.	<set edid<br="">succeed!&gt;</set>	Read EDID from output device connected to output [y] and assign to EDID of input [x]. Example for reading EDID from output 2 to input 3

### 6. Cross-point Control

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Single cross-point selection.	2v4.	v:2 -> 4;	Switch video and audio input [x] to output [y]. Example for switching input 2 to output 4
Multiple cross-point selection	3v1,4,6,7.	v:3 -> 1; v:3 -> 4; v:3 -> 6; v:3 -> 7;	Switch multiple outputs [y] to a single input [x]. Example for switching outputs 1, 4, 6 & 7 to input 3
Set all outputs to single input	4All.	v:4 -> 1; v:4 -> n;	Switch all outputs to a single input. Example for switching all outputs to input 4 where n=max outputs possible for matrix size
Disable single output	3\$.		Disable output from a single user defined port. Example to disable output 3
Disable all outputs	All\$.		Disable all output ports

## 7. Adjustment of single output resolutions – NOTE: SDI output blades cannot be scaled to resolutions other than 1920x1080

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Set output [y] to	\$1->800x600x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	800x600@60Hz
800x600@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1024x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1024x768@60Hz
1024x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1280x720x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1280x720@60Hz
1280x720@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1280x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1280x768@60Hz
1280x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1280x800x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1280x800@60Hz
1280x800@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1280x960x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1280x960@60Hz
1280x960@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1280x1024x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1280X1024@60Hz
1280X1024@60HZ		Succeed!>	Evenuela ha ant avitavit 1 ha
Set output [y] to	\$1->1360x768x60HZ!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
		Resolution	1360X768@60HZ
	¢1 > 1266,769,60H-1	Succeed!>	Example to get output 1 to
recolution	\$1->1300x708x00112!	Resolution	
1366v768@60Hz		Succeed	13002708@00112
Set output [v] to	¢1->1440y900y60H-1	Succeeu:>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	
1440x900@60Hz		Succeed!>	1110x300@00112
Set output [v] to	\$1->1600x900x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1600x900@60Hz
1600x900@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [v] to	\$1->1600x1200x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1600x1200@60Hz
1600x1200@60Hz		Succeed!>	_
Set output [y] to	\$1->1920x1080x25Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@25Hz
1920x1080@25Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1920x1080x30Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@30Hz
1920x1080@30Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1920x1080x50Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@50Hz
1920x1080@50Hz		Succeed!>	
Set output [y] to	\$1->1920x1080x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set output 1 to</td></set<>	Example to set output 1 to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@60Hz
1920x1080@60Hz		Succeed!>	

Set output [y] to resolution 1920x1200@60Hz	\$1->1920x1200x60Hz!	<set Resolution Succeed!&gt;</set 	Example to set output 1 to 1920x1200@60Hz
Set output [y] to resolution 1920x540@50Hz	\$1->1920x540x50Hz!	<set Resolution Succeed!&gt;</set 	Example to set output 1 to 1920x540@50Hz
Set output [y] to resolution 1920x540@60Hz	\$1->1920x540x60Hz!	<set Resolution Succeed!&gt;</set 	Example to set output 1 to 1920x540@60Hz

## 8. Adjustment of all output resolutions - NOTE: SDI output blades cannot be scaled to resolutions other than 1920x1080

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Set all outputs to	\$All->800x600x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	800x600@60Hz
800x600@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1024x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1024x768@60Hz
1024x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1280x720x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1280x720@60Hz
1280x720@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1280x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1280x768@60Hz
1280x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1280x800x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1280x800@60Hz
1280x800@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1280x960x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1280x960@60Hz
1280x960@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1280x1024x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1280x1024@60Hz
1280x1024@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1360x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1360x768@60Hz
1360x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1366x768x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1366x768@60Hz
1366x768@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1440x900x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1440x900@60Hz
1440x900@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1600x900x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1600x900@60Hz
1600x900@60Hz		Succeed!>	

Set all outputs to resolution	\$All->1600x1200x60Hz!	<set Resolution</set 	Example to set all outputs to
1600x1200@60Hz		Succeed!>	1000/1200@00112
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x1080x25Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@25Hz
1920X1080@25HZ		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x1080x30Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@30Hz
1920x1080@30Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x1080x50Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@50Hz
1920x1080@50Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x1080x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1080@60Hz
1920x1080@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x1200x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x1200@60Hz
1920x1200@60Hz		Succeed!>	
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x540x50Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x540@50Hz
1920x540@50Hz		Succeed!>	_
Set all outputs to	\$All->1920x540x60Hz!	<set< td=""><td>Example to set all outputs to</td></set<>	Example to set all outputs to
resolution		Resolution	1920x540@60Hz
1920x540@60Hz		Succeed!>	

9. VGA Card Control – Applicable only to VGA blades: MDX-OP4-VGA & MDX-IP4-VGA

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Set output [y] to VGA output	\$3VGAOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to set output 3 to VGA mode
Set input [x] to VGA input	\$3VGAIn!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to set input 3 to VGA mode
Set output [y] to YUV output	\$8YUVOut!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to set output 8 to YUV mode
Set input [x] to YUV input	\$8YUVIn!	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to set input 8 to YUV mode

#### Firstly select the video type being input or output at each port

#### Now select the input or output you wish to control

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Select input [x] for adjustment	SetVGAIn1.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to select input 1 for adjustment
Select output [y] for adjustment	SetVGAOut2.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Example to select output 2 for adjustment

## Once input or output selected the following commands can be sent to adjust video parameters

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Set brightness of channel	Bright50.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the brightness of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-100
Set contrast of channel	Contrast50.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the contrast of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-100
Set saturation level of channel	Saturation50.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the saturation level of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-100
Set sharpness value of channel	Sharp50.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the sharpness value of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-100
Set red level	Red128.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the red level of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-255
Set green level	Green128.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the green level of previously selected channel to a specified value in the range 0-255

Set blue level	Blue128.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Set the blue level of previously
			selected channel to a specified
			value in the range 0-255

#### The following commands can only be executed for VGA inputs or outputs

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Auto Set	AutoConfig.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Automatically configure settings for selected input or output channel selected
Shift Horizontal position up 1	HPosUp.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Shift horizontal position of VGA image up by 1 pixel
Shift Horizontal position down 1	HPosDown.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Shift horizontal position of VGA image down by 1 pixel
Shift Vertical position up 1	VPosUp.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Shift vertical position of VGA image up by 1 pixel
Shift Vertical position down 1	VPosDown.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Shift vertical position of VGA image down by 1 pixel
Increase Horizontal size by 1	HSizeUp.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Increase horizontal size of VGA image by 1 pixel
Decrease Horizontal size by 1	HSizeDown.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Decrease horizontal size of VGA image by 1 pixel
Increase Vertical size by 1	VSizeUp.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Increase vertical size of VGA image by 1 pixel
Decrease Vertical size by 1	VSizeDown.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Decrease vertical size of VGA image by 1 pixel
Position Reset	PosReset.	<set succeed!=""></set>	Automatically reset position of VGA image

### 10. IP Port Configuration

#### PLEASE NOTE: Placement of spaces in manual configuration commands

Function	Command Example	Response	Description
Query port number	<^SPORT>	<sport:[x]></sport:[x]>	Query the current port number of the MDX unit
Query IP	<^SIPR>	<sipr:[x1].[x2].[x3 ].[X4]&gt;</sipr:[x1].[x2].[x3 	Query the current IP address of the MDX unit
Query Subnet	<^SUBR>	<subr:[x1].[x2].[x 3].[X4]&gt;</subr:[x1].[x2].[x 	Query the current Subnet mask of the MDX unit
Query Gateway	<^GAR>	<gar:[x1].[x2].[x3] .[X4]&gt;</gar:[x1].[x2].[x3] 	Query the current gateway of the MDX unit
Query MAC	<^SHAR>	<shar:[x1].[x2].[x 3].[X4].[X5].[X6]&gt;</shar:[x1].[x2].[x 	Query the current MAC address of the MDX unit
Set Port Number	<#SPORT30>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Set port number of MDX unit. Example to set to port 30
Set IP	<#SIPR192. 168. 0. 12>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Set IP address of MDX unit. Example to set IP address to 192.168.0.12
Set Gateway	<#GAR192. 168. 0. 45>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Set gateway of MDX unit. Example to set gateway to 192.168.0.45
Set Subnet	<#SUBR255. 255. 255. 0>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Set subnet mask of MDX unit. Example to set gateway to 255.255.255.0
Set MAC	<#SHAR45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Set MAC address of MDX unit. Example to set MAC address to 45.46.47.48.49.50
Restore Network to default	<#NETDEFAU LT>	<set network<br="">Succeed!&gt;</set>	Restore MDX unit to default network settings